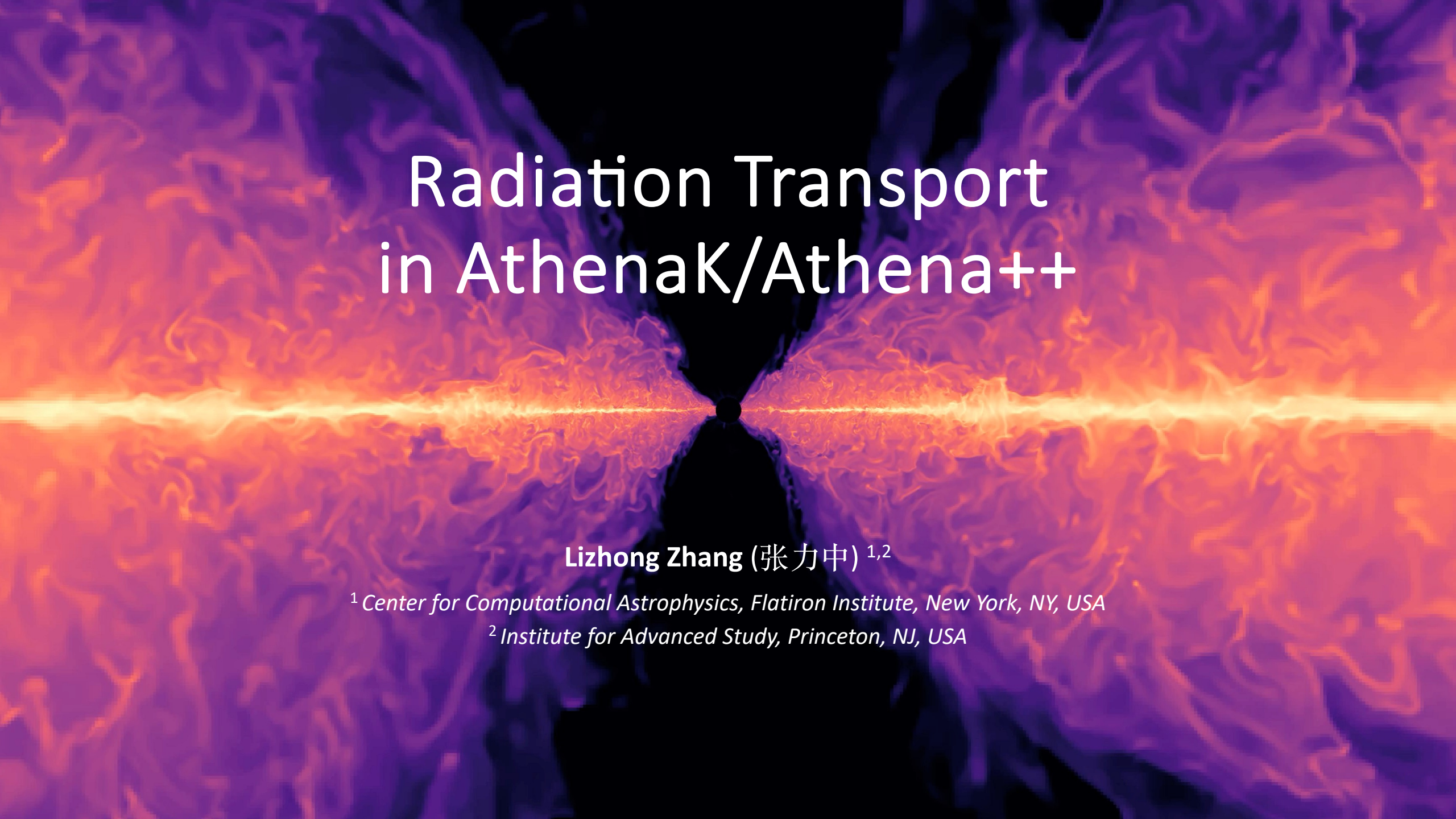




Radiation Transport in AthenaK/Athena++

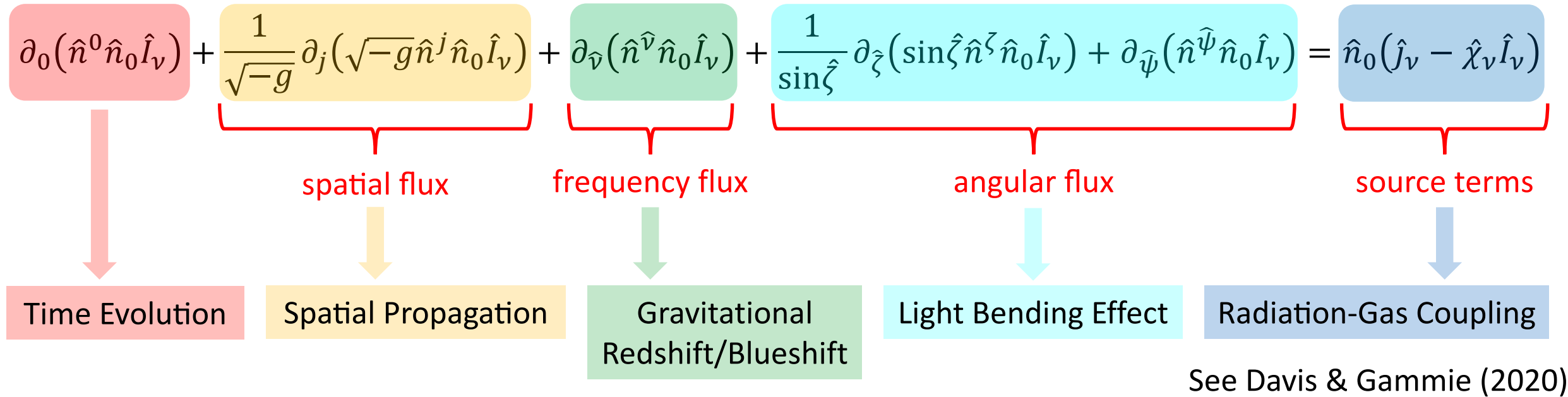
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Covariant Radiative Transfer

Radiation Transport in GR:



$\sqrt{-g} = 1$ in Cartesian Kerr-Schild Coordinates

$\hat{I}_\nu$: Radiation Intensity ($\text{erg cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{sr}^{-1} \text{Hz}^{-1}$)

$$\frac{\text{Energy Flux}}{\text{Solid angle} \cdot \text{Frequency}}$$

Grey Radiation Transfer in AthenaK

Frequency-Integrated Radiation Transport:

$$\underbrace{\partial_0(\hat{n}^0 \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) + \partial_j(\hat{n}^j \hat{n}_0 \hat{I})}_{\text{spatial flux}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sin \hat{\zeta}} \partial_{\hat{\zeta}}(\sin \hat{\zeta} \hat{n}^{\hat{\zeta}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) + \partial_{\hat{\psi}}(\hat{n}^{\hat{\psi}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I})}_{\text{angular flux}} = \underbrace{\hat{n}_0(\hat{j} - \hat{\chi} \hat{I})}_{\text{source terms}} \quad \text{White et al. (2023)}$$

Operator Splitting:

**Solving advection
in the tetrad frame**

$$\partial_0(\hat{n}^0 \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) + \partial_j(\hat{n}^j \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) + \frac{1}{\sin \hat{\zeta}} \partial_{\hat{\zeta}}(\sin \hat{\zeta} \hat{n}^{\hat{\zeta}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) + \partial_{\hat{\psi}}(\hat{n}^{\hat{\psi}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) = 0$$

**Solving source terms
in the fluid frame**

$$\partial_0(\hat{n}^0 \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}) = \hat{n}_0(\hat{j} - \hat{\chi} \hat{I})$$

Radiation Transfer

- A. Demonstrate how radiation transfer equation works in energy and momentum spaces
- B. Demonstrate how the source terms are solved in solid angle discretization framework

Let's start from a simpler version:

$$\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial I_\nu}{\partial t} + \hat{n} \cdot \nabla I_\nu = \eta_\nu - \chi_\nu I_\nu$$

Blackboard derivation now ...

Upcoming Radiation Modules

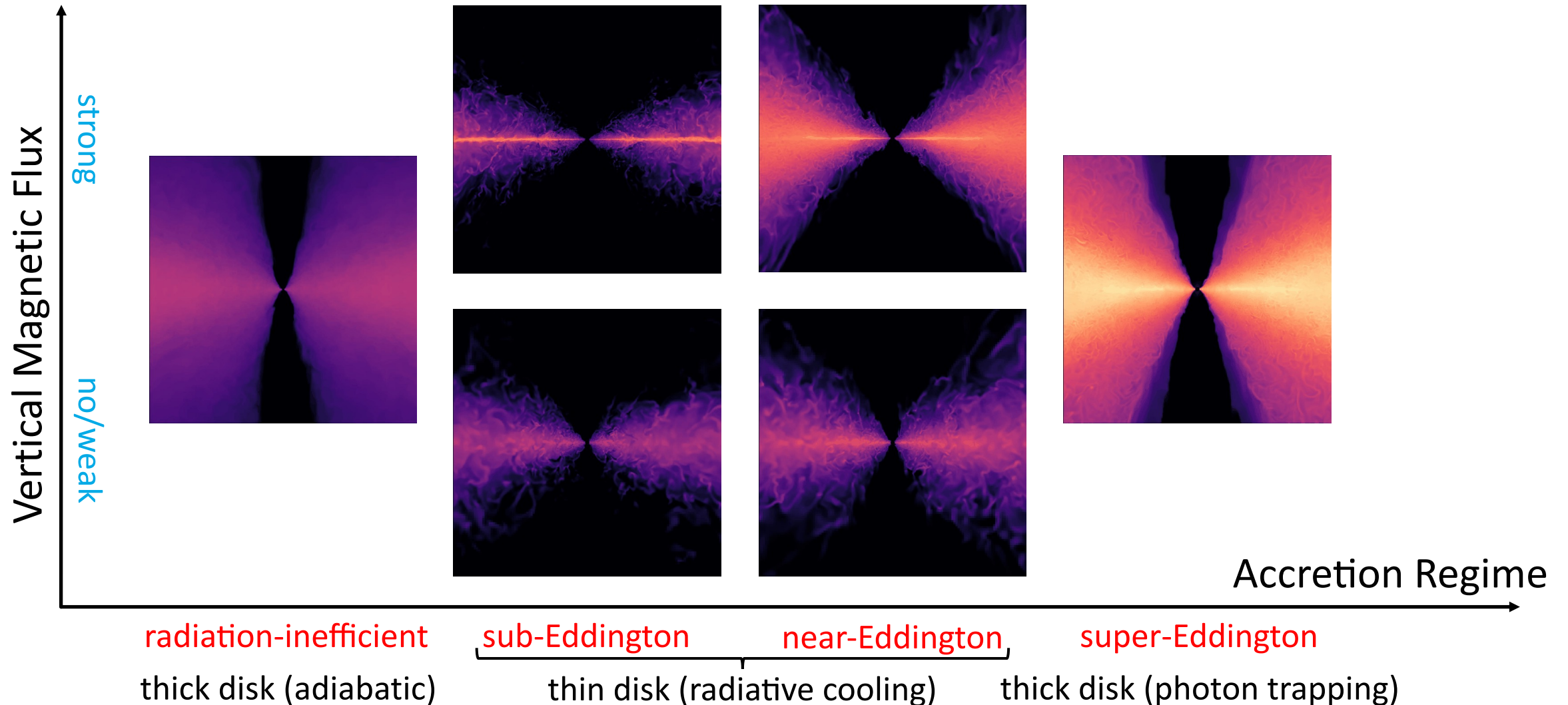
A. Multi-Frequency Group in Radiation Transport:

$$\partial_0(\hat{n}^0 \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}_\nu) + \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{-g}} \partial_j(\sqrt{-g} \hat{n}^j \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}_\nu)}_{\text{spatial flux}} + \underbrace{\partial_{\hat{\nu}}(\hat{n}^{\hat{\nu}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}_\nu)}_{\text{frequency flux}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sin \hat{\zeta}} \partial_{\hat{\zeta}}(\sin \hat{\zeta} \hat{n}^{\hat{\zeta}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}_\nu)}_{\text{angular flux}} + \underbrace{\partial_{\hat{\psi}}(\hat{n}^{\hat{\psi}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{I}_\nu)}_{\text{source terms}} = \hat{n}_0(\hat{j}_\nu - \hat{\chi}_\nu \hat{I}_\nu)$$

B. Polarization in Radiation Transport:

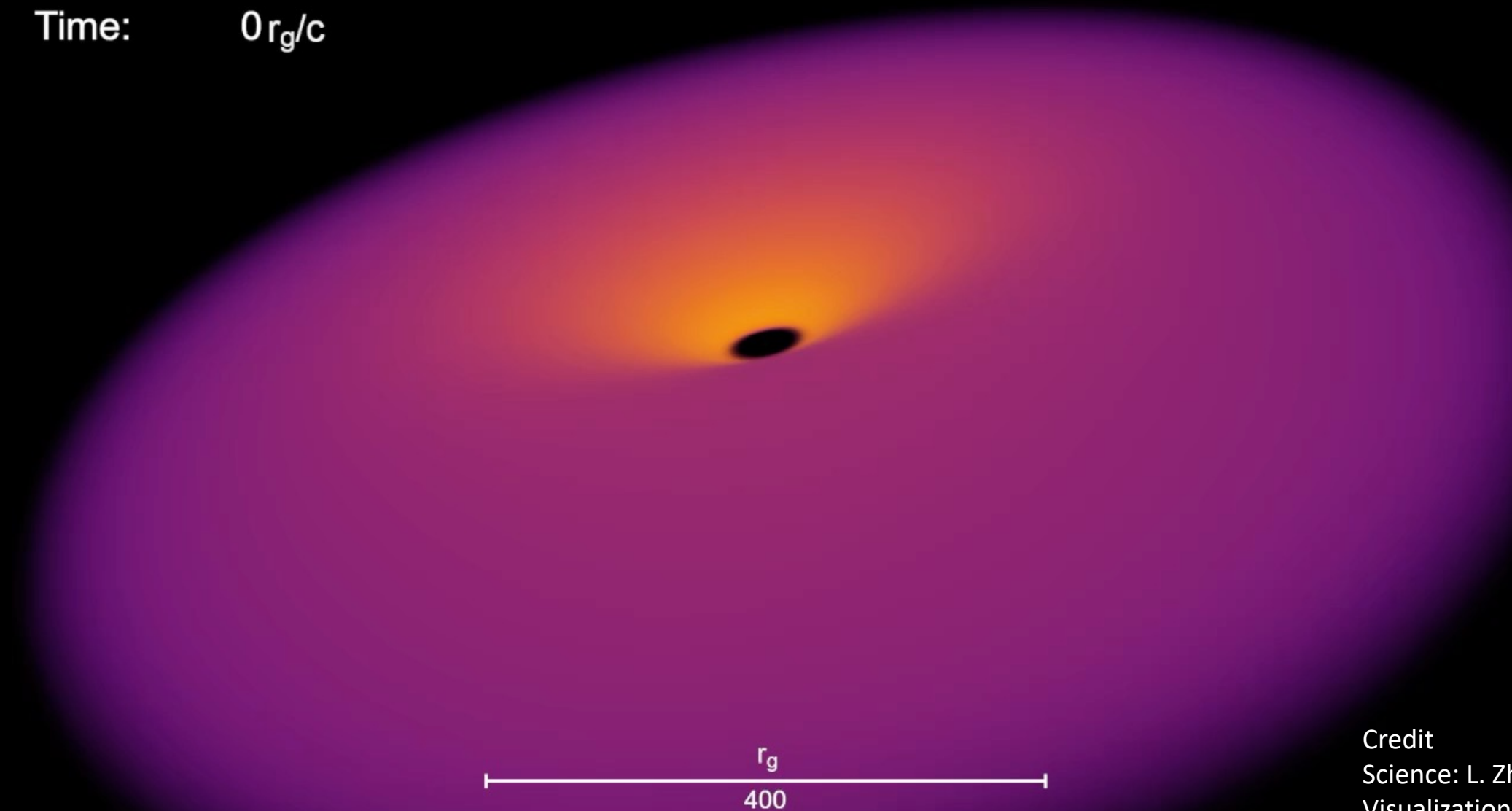
$$\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \begin{pmatrix} I_\nu \\ Q_\nu \\ U_\nu \\ V_\nu \end{pmatrix} + \hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \nabla \begin{pmatrix} I_\nu \\ Q_\nu \\ U_\nu \\ V_\nu \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} j_\nu \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{thermal emission}} - \underbrace{\chi_{\nu,a} \begin{pmatrix} I_\nu \\ Q_\nu \\ U_\nu \\ V_\nu \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{thermal absorption}} + \underbrace{\Lambda_{\text{scat,attenuation}}}_{\text{scattering attenuation}} + \underbrace{\Lambda_{\text{scat,emission}}}_{\text{scattering emission}}$$

Radiation-Dominated Accretion onto Black Holes



3D Radiation Energy Density

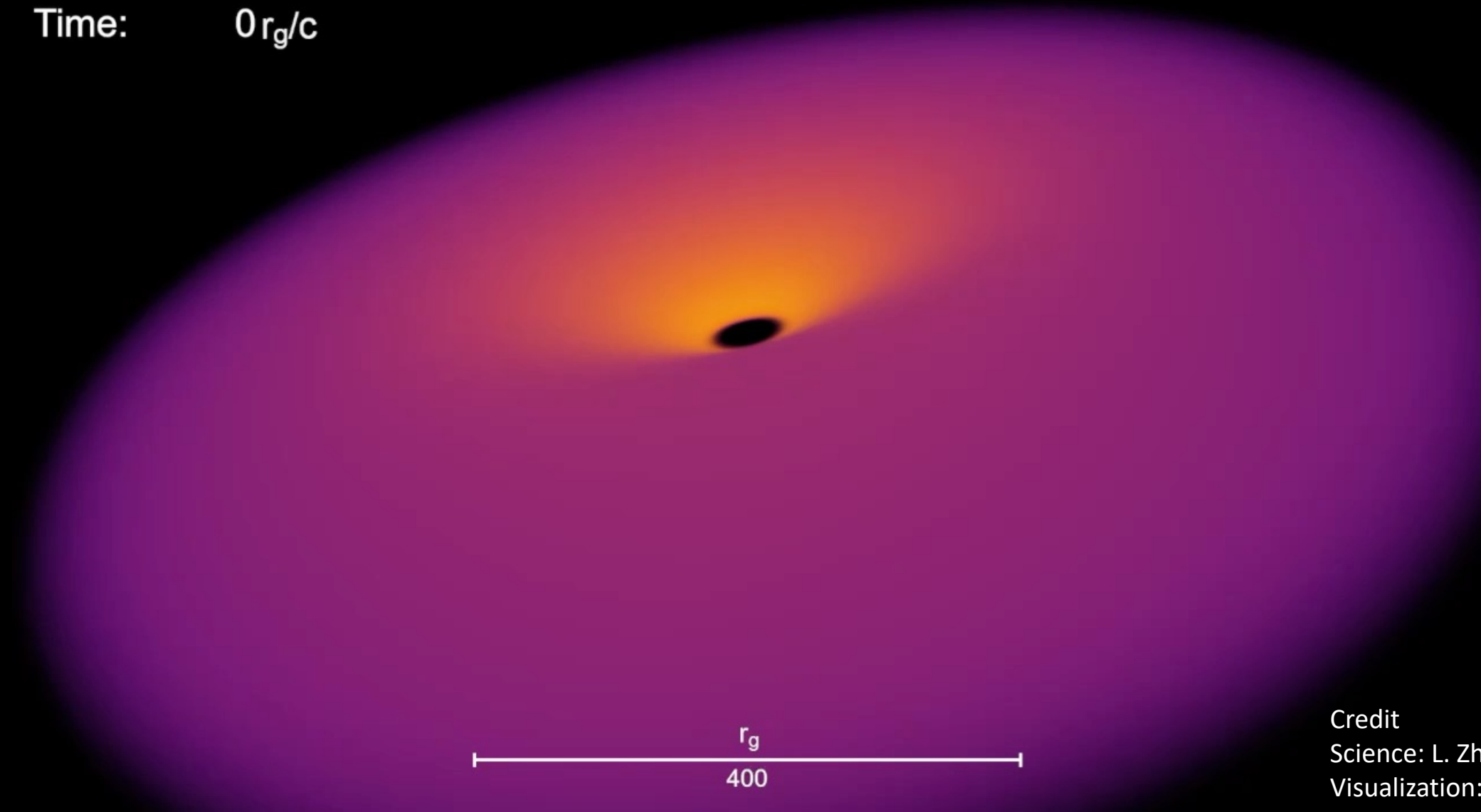
Time: $0 r_g/c$



Credit
Science: L. Zhang et al.
Visualization: J. Insley et al.

Relativistic Jet

Time: $0 r_g/c$



Credit
Science: L. Zhang et al.
Visualization: J. Insley et al.